

## Look, Cover, Write, Check (LCWC)

This help sheet will show you how to use the "Look, Cover, Write, Check" method, in order to complete your homework correctly and effectively. It also has a completed example to show the expected standard. LCWC is a simple but super effective way to get information to stick!

### Step 1. Choose a section of your Knowledge Organiser

- **Focus.** Choose a small section of your Knowledge Organiser to work on. This could be a few key terms, a short definition, a date and event, or a step in a process. Don't try to learn too much at once!

- **Read and Understand.** Read the information carefully. Make sure you understand what it means. You might want to say it out loud or explain it to yourself, a friend or family member.

- **Notice Key Details.** Pay attention to spellings, dates, names, and any important details.

BOX 3: EUROPE	
Europe	continent → large area of land → north of Equator → bordered by Arctic Ocean and Atlantic Ocean → countries such as the UK, Norway and Spain are located in the continent of Europe
European Union (EU)	a group of 27 countries following similar laws → the UK left the EU on the 31 <sup>st</sup> January 2020 (BREXIT)

### Step 2. COVER It Up!

- **Hide the Information.** Once you feel like you've got a good grasp of the section, cover it up completely. You can use your hand or a piece of paper.

BOX 3: EUROPE	
Europe	
European Union (EU)	

- **No Peeking!** This is the important bit. Resist the urge to sneak a look!

### Step 3. WRITE It Down

- **Recall and Write.** Now, try to write down everything you can remember from the section you just looked at.

- **Be Neat.** Write clearly so you can read it easily in the next step.

- **Don't Worry About Mistakes.** This is just a practice run. It's okay if you don't remember everything perfectly.

Europe - continent  
countries - UK, Norway, Spain

### Step 4. CHECK Your Work

- **Uncover and Compare.** Take away your hand or paper and compare what you've written with the original information on your knowledge organiser.

- **Check and Change.** Use your green pen. Look closely for any errors in spelling, facts, dates, or missing information.

- **Highlight or Note Corrections.** Use your green pen to highlight or make notes of the things you got wrong or missed. This helps you see what you need to focus on next time.

Europe - continent → north of Equator  
countries - UK, Norway, Spain - located in Europe  
bordered by Arctic Ocean and Atlantic Ocean

## Repeat the Process!

- **Go Again.** Now, go back to Step 1 and repeat the process with the same section you just checked. You should find it easier to remember the information this time.
- **Move On.** Once you feel confident with one section, move on to another part of your Knowledge Organiser and repeat the "Look, Cover, Write, Check" steps.
- **Mix It Up.** You can jump around your knowledge organiser, to keep things interesting.

Europe - continent north of equator  
countries - UK, Norway, Spain - in Europe  
bordered by arctic ocean and atlantic ocean.

Europe - continent north of <sup>E</sup>equator  
countries - UK, Norway, Spain - in <sup>E</sup>Europe  
bordered by <sup>A</sup>Arctic Ocean and <sup>A</sup>Atlantic Ocean

## Top Tips for Success! ★

- **Little and Often.** It's better to do short bursts of "Look, Cover, Write, Check" regularly than one long session.
- **Say It Out Loud.** Reading the information aloud in the "Look" stage can help your memory.
- **Use Different Senses.** Try visualising the information in your head as you look at it.
- **Test Yourself Regularly.** Use "Look, Cover, Write, Check" frequently and ensure you meet your homework deadlines.
- **Don't Get Discouraged.** Everyone makes mistakes! The important thing is that you learn from them.
- **Reward Yourself.** Celebrate your progress!

Europe - continent north of Equator  
countries - UK, Norway, Spain (examples) - in Europe  
bordered by Arctic Ocean and Atlantic Ocean.

## Our Expected Standard

The example below shows our expected standard.

Frist Name   Surname

Kinetic - stored in moving objects. Elastic - Increases if we stretch an object. Thermal - To do with the temperature of an object. Magnetic - Increases if we bring like poles together or pull them apart. Chemical - Released by a chemical reaction. E.g. fuels. Thermal - Increases if we increase the temperature of an object. Magnetic - Increases if we bring like poles together or unlike poles apart. Kinetic - Stored in moving objects. Elastic - Increases if we stretch or squish an object. Thermal - Increases if we increase the temperature of an object. Magnetic - Increases if we bring like poles together or unlike poles apart. Chemical - Released by a chemical reaction. E.g. fuels. Kinetic - stored in moving objects. Elastic - increases if we stretch or squish an object. Thermal - Increases if we increase the temperature of an object. Magnetic - Increases if we bring like poles together or unlike poles apart. Chemical - Released by a chemical reaction. E.g. fuels.

Multiplying - add the powers e.g.  $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$ . Dividing - subtract the powers e.g.  $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$ . Raising a power - multiply the powers e.g.  $(a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$ . Multiplying - add the powers e.g.  $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$ . Dividing - subtract the powers e.g.  $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$ . Raising a power - multiply the powers e.g.  $(a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$ . Multiplying - add the powers e.g.  $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$ . Dividing - subtract the powers e.g.  $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$ . Raising a power by another power - multiply the powers e.g.  $(a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$ . Multiplying - add the powers e.g.  $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$ . Dividing - subtract the powers e.g.  $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$ . Raising a power by another power - multiply the powers e.g.  $(a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$ . Multiplying - add the powers e.g.  $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$ . Dividing - subtract the powers e.g.  $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$ . Raising the power by another power - multiply the powers e.g.  $(a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$ . Multiplying - add the powers e.g.  $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$ . Dividing - subtract the powers e.g.  $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$ . Raising the power by another power - multiply the powers e.g.  $(a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$ .

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